SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER ACCOUNTANCY (055), CLASS-XII

Time Allowed – 3Hrs.

Max. Marks – 80

General Instructions:-

- 1. This question paper contains three parts A, B and C
- 2. Part A is compulsory for all.
- 3. Attempt only one part of the remaining parts B and C.
- 4. All parts of a question should be attempted at one place.

PART 'A'

- Alka, Barkha and Charu are partners in a firm having no partnership agreement. Alka, Barkha and Charu contributed `2,00,000, `3,00,000 and `1,00,000 respectively. Alka and Barkha desire that the profits should be divided in the ratio of capital contribution. Charu does not agree to this. Is Charu correct? Give reason. (1)
- 2. Pawan and Jayshree are partners. Bindu is admitted for 1/4th share. State the ratio in which Pawan and Jayshree will sacrifice their share in favour of Bindu? (1)
- 3. State any two occasions on which a firm may be reconstituted. (1)
- 4. When is 'Partner's Executers' Account prepared?
- 5. What is the maximum amount of discount at which forfeited shares can be re-issued? (1)
- 6. Give the meaning of 'Subscribed and fully paid-up capital'.
- 7. State an exception to the creation of Debenture Redemption Reserve as per SEBI Guidelines.
- 8. A, B and C are partners in a firm. They had omitted interest on capital @10% p.a. for three years ended 31st March, 2013. Their fixed capitals on which interest was to be calculated throughout were:

А	`1,00,000
В	` 80,000
С	` 70,000

Give the necessary adjusting journal entry with working notes.

(3)

(1)

(1)

(1)

9. On 1st April, 2011, Rhythm Limited issued 1,000 10% debentures of `500 each at par. Debentures were redeemable after 7 years. However, the company gave an option to debenture holders to get their debentures converted into equity shares of `100 each at a premium of `25 per share anytime after the expiry of one year.

Shivansh, holder of 200 debentures, informed on April 1, 2013 that he wanted to exercise the option of conversion of debentures into equity shares.

The company accepted his request and converted debentures into equity shares.

Pass necessary journal entries to record the issue of debentures on April 1, 2011 and conversion of debentures on April 1, 2013. (3)

- 10. Pass necessary journal entries for 'issue of debentures' for the following:
 - (i) Jain Ltd. issued 750, 12% Debentures of `100 each at a discount of 10% redeemable at a premium of 5%.
 - (ii) Sohan Ltd. issued 800, 9% Debentures of `100 each at a premium of `20 per Debenture redeemable at a premium of `10 per Debenture.

(3)

- 11. Shabir and David were partners in a firm supplying school uniforms. They shared profits in the ratio of 4:3. Their capitals as on 1st April, 2013 were `1,00,000 and `50,000 respectively. On this date Shabir suggested David to start supplying low cost school uniforms to the students who belonged to low income group and admitted to the private schools of the city as per the provisions of Rights to Education Act 2009. David agreed and requested to admit into the firm his friend Charu, a specially abled unemployed person having good knowledge of cost-reduction methods. However, it was agreed that Charu will not contribute any capital. Shabir agreed to it. They were in need of more capital. Shabir, therefore persuaded a rich friend of his, Rafiq, to be a partner.
 - 1. Rafiq contributed `7,00,000 in cash, delivery van of `2,75,000 and furniture of `25,000 as his capital.
 - 2. The new profit sharing ratio will be 3:2:1:1
 - (a) Identify any four values which the partners want to communicate to the society.
 - (b) Pass necessary journal entry for capital contributed by Rafiq in the form of cash and assets. (4)
- 12. A, B and C are partners sharing profits in the ratio of 5:3:2. Their Balance-Sheet as on March 31st, 2013 was as follows:

Liabilities		Amount	Assets	Amount
		`		`
Creditors		20,000	Cash	16,000
Employees Pr	ovident	26,000	Debtors	16,000
Fund			Stock	80,000
Capitals:			Furniture	34,000
A	1,00,000		Building	1,20,000
В	70,000		_	
С	50,000	2,20,000		
		2,66,000		2,66,000

Balance-sheet of A,B & C as at March 31st, 2013

C retired on the above date and it was agreed that:

- (i) C's share of Goodwill was `8,000;
- (ii) 5% provision for doubtful debts was to be made on debtors;
- (iii) Sundry creditors were valued `4,000 more than the book value.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions on C's retirement. (4)

13. Raghav limited purchased a running business from Krishna Traders for a sum of `15,00,000. `3,00,000 were paid by cheque and for the balance Raghav Ltd. issued equity shares of `100 each at a premium of 20%.

The assets and liabilities consisted of the following:

Plant and Machinery	4,00,000	
Building	6,00,000	
Stock	5,00,000	
Sundry Debtors	3,00,000	
Sundry creditors	2,00,000	
Record necessary journal	entries in the books of Raghav limited.	(4)

14. Janta Ltd.had an authorized capital of `2,00,000 divided into equity shares of `10 each. The company offered for subscription of `10,000 shares. The issue was fully subscribed. The amount payable on application was `2 per share. `4 per share were payable each on allotment and first and final call. A share holder holding 100 shares failed to pay the allotment money. His shares were forfeited. The company did not make the final call. How the 'share capital' will be presented in the company's balance-sheet? Also prepare Notes to Accounts for the same. (4)

- 15. X,Y and Z were partners in a firm. Their capitals on 1st April, 2012 were: X `2,00,000; Y `2,50,000 and Z `3,00,000. The partnership deed provided for the following:
 - (i) They will share profits in the ratio of 2:3:3
 - (ii) X will be allowed a salary of `12,000 p.a.
 - (iii) Interest on capital will be allowed @ 12% p.a.

During the year X withdrew `28,000; Y `30,000 and Z `18,000. For the year ended 31.3.2013 the firm earned a profit of `5,00,000.

Prepare Profit and Loss Appropriation Account and Partner's Capital Accounts. (6)

16. Ram, Mohan and Sohan were partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 5:3:2. On 31st March, 2012 their Balance Sheet was as under:

Liabilities	`	Assets	``
Capital:		Land	1,25,000
Ram 1,50,000		Patents	30,000
Mohan 1,25,000		Machinery	1,50,000
Sohan 75,000		Stock	1,90,000
	3,50,000	Cash at Bank	40,000
Workmen's Compensation Reserve Creditors	30,000 1,55,000		
	5,35,000		5,35,000

-	

Sohan died on 1st August, 2012. It was agreed that:

- (i) Goodwill of the firm was valued at `1,75,000.
- (ii) Machinery was valued at `1,40,000; Patents at `40,000 and Land at `1,50,000 on this date.
- (iii) For the purpose of calculating Sohan's share in the profits of 2012-2013, the profits should be taken to have accrued on the same scale as in 2011-12, which were `75,000.
- (iv) Sohan mentioned in his will that the amount payable to his legal representatives should be used for welfare of the society.
 Prepare Revaluation Account and Sohan's Capital Account. Suggest any two ways by which the amount payable to Sohan's legal representative may be utilized for welfare of the society.

(6)

17. Srijan Limited issued `10,000 new capital divided into 100 shares of ` 100 each at a premium of `20 per share, payable as under:

On Application	`10 per share
On Allotment	`40 per share (including
	Premium of `10 per share)
On First and Final Call	Balance

Over-payments on application were to be applied towards sums due on allotment and first and final call. Where no allotment was made, money was to be refunded in full.

The issue was oversubscribed to the extent of 13,000 shares. Applicants for 12,000 shares were allotted only 2,000 shares and applicants for 3,000 shares were sent letters of regret. Shares were allotted in full to the remaining applicants.

Give Journal Entries to record the above transactions (including cash transactions) in the books of the company (8)

Sangita Limited invited applications for issuing 60,000 shares of `10 each at par. The amount was payable as follows:

On Application	`2 per Share
On Allotment	`3 per Share
On First and Final Call	`5 per Share

Applications were received for 92,000 shares. Allotment was made on the following basis:

- (i) To applicants for 40,000 shares Full
- (ii) To applicants for 50,000 shares -40%
- (iii) To applicants for 2,000 shares nil.

`1,08,000 was realized on account of allotment (excluding the amount carried from application money) and `2,50,000 on account of call.

The directors decided to forfeit shares of applicants belonging to category (i) on which allotment money was overdue Give Journal Entries to record the above transactions in the books of the company.

(8)

18. L and M share profits of a business in the ratio of 5:3. They admit N into the firm on 1st April, 2013 for a fourth share in the profits to be contributed equally by L and M. On the date of admission the Balance Sheet of L and M was as follows:

Liabilities	`	Assets	`
L' Capital	30,000	Machinery	26,000
M's Capital	20,000	Furniture	18,000
Reserve Fund	4,000	Stock	10,000
Bank Loan	12,000	Debtors	8,000
Creditors	2,000	Cash	6,000
	68,000		68,000

Balance Sheet as at March 31st, 2013

Terms of N's admission were as follows:

- (i) N will bring `25,000 as his capital.
- (ii) Goodwill of the firm is to be valued at 4 years' purchase of the super profits of the last three years. Average profits of the last three years are `20,000; while the normal profits that can be earned on the capital employed are `12,000.
- (iii) Furniture is to be revalued at `24,000 and the value of stock to be reduced by 20%
 Prepare Revaluation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and the Balance Sheet of the firm after admission of N. (8)

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
	`		`
Sundry Creditors	8,000	Bank	20,000
Bank overdraft	6,000	Debtors 17,000	
X's Brother's Loan	8,000	Less Provision <u>2,000</u>	
Y's loan	3,000		15,000
Investment Fluctuation Fund	5,000	Stock	15,000
Capital: X 50,000		Investments	25,000
Y 40,000		Buildings	25,000
	- 90,000	Goodwill	10,000
		Profit and Loss A/c	10,000
	1,20,000		1,20,000

Following is the Balance Sheet of X and Y, who share profits and losses in the ratio of 4:1, as at 31st March, 2013:

The firm was dissolved on the above date and the following arrangements were decided upon:

- (i) X agreed to pay off his brother's loan
- (ii) Debtors of `5,000 proved bad
- (iii) Other assets realized Investments 20% less; and goodwill at 60%.
- (iv) One of the creditors for `5,000 was paid only `3,000.
- (v) Buildings were auctioned for `30,000 and the auctioneer's commission amounted to `1,000.
- (vi) Y took over part of stock at `4,000 (being 20% less than the book value). Balance stock realized 50%.
- (vii) Realisation expenses amounted to `2,000. Prepare:
 - i) Realisation A/c
 - ii) Partners' Capital accounts
 - iii) Bank A/c

(8)

(1)

Part-B

Financial Statement Analysis

- 19. X Ltd. has a Debt-Equity Ratio at 3:1. According to the management it should be maintained at 1:1. What are the two choices to do so? (1)
- 20. State whether cash deposited in bank will result in inflow, outflow or no flow of cash.
- 21. Interest received by a finance company is classified under which kind of activity while preparing a cash flow statement? (1)
- 22. List the items which are shown under the heading, 'Current Assets' in the Balance sheet of a company as per provisions of Schedule VI of the Companies Act, 1956. (3)

23. Prepare a 'Comparative Statement of Profit & Loss' with the help of the following information

Particulars	2012-2013	2011-2012	
Revenue from operations	30,00,000	20,00,000	
Expenses	21,00,000	12,00,000	
Other Incomes	3,60,000	4,00,000	
Income Tax	50%	50%	(4)

24. Find the value of current liabilities and current assets, if current Ratio is 2.5:1, liquid ratio is 1.2:1 and the value of inventory of the firm is `78,000. (4)

25. Following are the Balance Sheets of Delta Ltd., as on 31st March 2012 and 2013:

			(6)
Particulars	Note	2011-12	2012-13
	No.	()	()
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Shareholders Funds			
(a) Share capital		6,00,000	7,00,000
(b) Reserves and Surplus	1	1,10,000	2,00,000
(2) Non Current Liabilities			
(a) Long term borrowings		2,25,000	3,30,000
Total		9,35,000	12,30,000
ASSETS			
(1) Non Current Assets			
(a) Fixed assets			
(i) Tangible assets	2	8,00,000	11,00,000
(2) Current Assets			
(a) Inventories		60,000	70,000
(b) Trade Receivables		40,000	32,000
(c) Cash and Cash equivalents		35,000	28,000
Total		9,35,000	12,30,000

Notes to Accounts:

Note No.	Particulars	As on 31 st March, 2012 ()	As on 31 st March, 2013 (`)
1.	Reserves and Surplus Surplus (balance in		
2.	Statement of profit and Loss)	1,10,000	2,00,000
	Tangible assets Plant and Machinery	8,00,000	11,00,000

Adjustment:

A piece of machinery of the book value of `80,000 was sold for `65,000 at the beginning of the year. Depreciation provided on Plant and Machinery during the year amounted to `2,00,000.

Prepare a Cash Flow Statement.

OR

PART 'C' Computerized Accounting System

19.	State the five components of Computerised Accountancy System.	(1)
20.	What is grouping of accounts?	
21.	What is meant by the terms 'Back-end' and Front-end' as used in data applications'	?
		(1)
22.	State the features of Computerized Accounting system.	(3)
23.	Explain the security features associated with CAS software.	(4)
24.	What is DBMS? Explain its two advantages.	(4)
25.	Anjana Ltd. calculates conveyance allowance on the basis of the sales made by its	
	employees.	
	W rite the formula in MS Excel for calculating:	
	(i) The difference between the expected sale and actual sale.	
	(ii) The conveyance allowance will be `5,000 if the employee meets the expected	
	sales target and for every extra unit sold he would get `50.	
	(iii) `1,000 even if expected units are not sold.	(6)

MARKING SCHEME SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER ACCOUNTANCY CLASS-XII Part A ting for Portnership Firms and Co

Accounting for Partnership Firms and Companies

1. Charu is correct.

Reason: In the absence of partnership deed profits are shared equally.

 $(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1 \text{ Mark})$

- 2. Old Ratio i.e. 1:1
- 3. A partnership firm may be reconstituted in the following circumstances: (Any two) 1 Mark
 - (i) Change in the profit sharing ratio among the existing partners.
 - (ii) Admission of a new partner;
 - (iii) Retirement of an existing partner and
 - (iv) Death of a partner

(¹/₂ x2=1 Mark)

1 Mark

- 4. Partner's executors account is prepared at the time of death of a partner. (1 Mark)
 5. Maximum amount of discount at which the forfeited shares can be re-issued is the amount forfeited on such shares. (1 Mark)
- amount forfeited on such shares. (1 Mark)
 6. When the entire face value of a share is called by the company and is also paid by the shareholder, it is said to be subscribed and fully paid-up capital. (1 Mark)
- 7. Any one of the following:
 - (i) Creation of Debenture Redemption Reserve is not required for issue of debentures with a maturity period of 18 months or less.
 - (ii) Infrastructure companies (i.e. companies wholly engaged in developing, maintaining and operating infrastructure facilities).

8 Journal

Date	Particulars	L. F.	Dr. Amount	Cr. Amount
2013,	B's Current A/c		1,000/-	
31 st March	Dr.		1,000/- 4,000/-	
	C's Current A/c			5,000
	Dr.			
	To A'c Current A/c			
	(Being omission of interest			
	on capital for three years			
	rectified)			

Working Note: Statement showing adjustments to be made:

Particulars	Α	В	С	Total
	`	`	`	`
1.Total Amount of interest on capital omitted, to be credited now	30,000	24,000	21,000	75,000
2.Total amount of profit already credited, now to be debited	25,000	25,000	25,000	75,000
3.Balance	5,000	1,000	4,000	
	Cr.	Dr.	Dr.	

9. Journal

Date	Particulars	L.F	Dr.	Cr.	
		•	Amoun	Amount	
			t`	`	
2011	Bank A/c Dr.		5,00,00		
	To10% Debenture Application		0		(½ Mark)
1^{st}	and Allotment A/c			5,00,000	(72 IVIdIK)
April	(Being application money received				
	on 1000 debentures @ `500)				
2011	10% Debenture Application and		5,00,00		
	Allotment A/c		0		
1^{st}	Dr.			5,00,000	(1 Mark)
April	To 10% Debentures A/c				
	(Being application money				
	transferred to 10% Debentures				
	account consequent upon allotment)				
2013	10% Debentures A/c Dr.		1,00,00		
1^{st}	To Debenture holders A/c		0	1,00,000	
April					(½ Mark)
	(Being amount due to Debenture				
	holder on conversion)				
2013	Debenture holders A/c		1,00,00		
	Dr.		0	80,000	
1^{st}	To Equity Share Capital A/c			20,000	(1 Mark)
April	To Securities Premium Reserve				
	A/c				
	(Being the issue of 800 equity				
	shares of `100 each at a premium				
	of `25 per share)				

(3 Marks)

10.	Journal

LQ. J	lournal				
Date	Particulars	L.F.	Dr. Amount	Cr. Amount	`
(i)	Bank A/c Dr.		67,50		
(1)	To 12% Debenture Application		07,50		
and	10 12% Debendure Application		0	67,500	
unu	Allotment A/c			07,200	(½ Mark)
	(Being Debenture application and				
	allotment money received on 750				
	debentures @ 90 each)				
	12% Debenture Application and		67,50		
	Allotment A/c		0		
	Dr.				
	Discount on Issue of Debentures A/c Dr.		7,500		(1 Mark)
	Loss on Issue of Debentures A/c		3,750	75,000	
	Dr.			3,750	
	To 12% Debentures A/c				
	To Premium on redemption of				
	Debenture				
	(Being issue of 750 debentures of `100				
	each a discount of 10% redeemable at a				
	premium of 5%)		06.00		
(ii)	Bank A/c Dr.		96,00	06.000	
	To 9% Debenture Application &		0	96,000	
	Allotment A/c				(½ Mark)
	(Being application and allotment money received on 800 debentures @ `120				
	each.)				
	9% Debenture Application &				
	Allotment A/C		96,00		
	Dr.		0		
	Loss on Issue of Debenture A/c		8,000	80,000	
	Dr.		,	16,000	(1 Mark)
	To 9% Debentures A/c				
	To Securities Premium Reserve A/c			8,000	
	To Premium on Redemption of				
	Debentures A/c				
	(Being issue of debentures at premium				
	Redeemable at premium).				

11. (a) Values: (Any four)

- (i) Secularism
- (ii) Supporting the implementation of "Right to Education Act, 2009".
- (iii) Sensitivity towards differently abled individuals.
- (iv) Empowering women entrepreneurship
- (v) Providing entrepreneurial opportunities to people from different areas of the country.(2 Marks)

(3 Marks)

(b) Journal entry

		Dr.	Cr.
		Amount `	Amount `
Cash A/c	Dr.	7,00,000	
Delivery Van A/c	Dr.	2,75,000	
Furniture A/c	Dr.	25,000	
To Rafiq's C	apital A	A/C	1,00,000
(Capital worth `10,0	00,000 1	prought in by Rafiq)	1/2

½ Mark for each entry (2 Marks)

12.

JOURNAL

Date	Particulars		Dr. Amount	Cr. Amount	
2013	Revaluation A/c	Dr.	4,800		
March, 31 st	To Provision for Doubtful D	ebts A/c	,		(1 Mark)
,	To Sundry Creditors A/c			800	(1 Mark)
	(Being decrease in the value of deb	otors and		4,000	
	increase in the value of creditors the				
	to Revaluation A/c)				
	A's Capital A/c	Dr.	2,400		
	B's Capital A/c	Dr.	1,440		
	C's Capital A/c	Dr.	960		l
	To Revaluation A/c			4,800	(1 Mark)
	(Being loss on revaluation transferr	ed			
	to Capital A/cs)				
	A's Capital A/c	Dr.	5,000		
	B's Capital A/c	Dr.	3,000		
	To C's Capital A/c			8,000	(1 Mark)
	(Being C's share of goodwill adjusted	ed to the			
	accounts of the continuing partners	in their			
	gaining ratio 5:3)				
			57,040		
	C's Capital A/c	Dr.		57,040	(1 Mark)
	To C's loan A/c				, ,
	(Being Balance of C's capital A/c	;			
	transferred to C's loan A/c)				

Working Note:

C's Capital A/c = Opening balance in Capital A/c 50,000+ Share of Goodwill 8,000- Loss on Revaluation 96057,040

(1+1+1+1=4 Marks)

<u>Journal</u>

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Dr. Amount	Cr. Amount	
			× inount	× mount	
Plant and Machinery A/c	Dr.		4,00,000		
Building A/c	Dr.		6,00,000		
Stock A/c	Dr.		5,00,000		
Sundry Debtors A/c	Dr.		3,00,000		
To Sundry Creditors A	/c			2,00,000	(2 Mark)
To Krishna Traders A/	c			15,00,000	
To Capital Reserve A/	c			1,00,000	
(Being the purchase of as	sets and liabilities of				
Krishna Traders)					
Krishna Traders A/c	Dr.		3,00,000		
To Bank A/c				3,00,000	
(Being `3,00,000 paid to					
Krishna Traders by ch	eque)				
Krishna Traders A/c			12,00,000		
To Share Capital A/c				10,00,000	
To Securities Premiun	n Reserve A/c			2,00,000	(1 Mark)
(Being the balance of `12	2,00,000 discharged				
by issue of equity shares	at 20% premium)				

14.

Balance Sheet of Janta Ltd. As at.....

	Particulars	Note No.	Amount Current year	Amount Previous year
Ι	Equity and Liabilities Shareholders funds (a) Share capital	1	59,400	

Notes to Accounts Note No. 1

Share Capital Authorised Capital	Amount
20,000 equity shares of `10 each	2,00,000
Issued Capital	
10,000 equity shares of `10 each	1,00,000
Subscribed Capital	

Subscribed, but not fully paid 9,900 shares of `10 each `6 called up = `59400 Add forfeited shares

+200

59,600 (1+3 =4 marks)

15. Books of X,Y and Z

•

Profit and Loss Appropriation Account For the year ended 31.3.13

Dr		e year enaca e nevie	Cr.
Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount
To interest on Capital:		By Profit & Loss A/c	5,00,000
X- 24,000			
Y- 30,000			
Z- 36,000	90,000		
To Salary of X	12,000		
To Profit transferred to			
Capital A/c :			
X-` 99,500			
Y-`1,49,250			
Z-`1,49,250	3,98,000		
	5,00,000		5,00,000

(1 mark for each item on debit side) 1x3=3 marks

Dr.		Pa	rtner's Ca	apital Accounts			Cr.
Particulars	X Y Z			Particulars X Y			Z
To Drawing	28,000	30,000	18,000	By Balance b/d	2,00,00	2,50,000	3,00,000
To balance				By Interest on Capital	24,000	30,000	36,000
c/d	3,07,500	3,99,250	4,67,250	By Salary-X	12,000	-	-
				By P&L Appropriation Account	99,500	1,49,250	1,49,250
	3,35,500	4,29,25 0	4,85,25 0		3,35,50 0	4,29,250	4,85,250

(1 mark for each capital A/c 1x3 = 3 marks 3+3=6 marks

1	6			
Ι	Dr.	Revaluation Acc	ount	Cr.
	Particulars	``	Particulars	``
	To Machinery	10,000	By Land	25,000
	To Profit Transferred to		By Patents	10,000
	Capital A/c's : `			
	Ram :			
	12,500			
	Mohan : 7,500	25,000		
	Sohan : <u>5,000</u>	35,000		35,000

(1)

Sohan's Capital Account

Dr.			Cr.	
Particulars	`	Particulars	``	
To Sohan's Executor's	1,26,000	By Balance b/d	75,000	
A/c		By Revaluation A/c	5,000	
		By Ram's Capital A/c		(1/)
		$(35,000 \frac{5}{-})$	21,875	(1/2)
		By Mohan's Capital A/c	13,125	(½)
		$(35,000 \frac{3}{-})$	5,00	(1)
		By P&L Suspense A/c	0	
		By Workmen's Compensation		(1/2)
		Reserve A/c		
			6,00	
			0	
	1,26,000			
			1,26,000	
				(3)

The amount may be utilized for any of the following purposes:

- (a) Opening a charitable Dispensary/Hospital
- (b) Donation to an orphanage
- (c) Development of parks
- (d) Opening a play school without fee (or any other)

Working Notes:

- Sohan's share of Goodwill: 1/5 of `1,75,000= `35,000 (i) The amount for Goodwill to be contributed by Ram and Mohan in the ratio of 5:3.
- Profit of Sohan till the time of death that is upto 31.07.2006 (for 4 months) (ii) `75,000 x 4/12 x 2/10 =` 5,000

(1+3+2=6 marks)

(2)

17. Journal of Srijan Ltd.

Date	Particulars	LF.	Dr.	Cr.
			Amount	Amount `
			<u>`</u>	
(i)	Bank A/c Dr.		2,30,000	
	To Share Application A/c			2,30,000
	(Being Application money received on			2,30,000
	23000 shares @ `10 per share)			
(ii)	Share Application A/c Dr.	-	2,30,000	
	To Share Capital A/c			1,00,000
	To Share Allotment A/c			80,000
	To calls-in-advance A/c			20,000
	To Bank A/c			30,000
	(Being application money adjusted and			
	balance refunded)			
(iii)	Share Allotment A/c Dr.		4,00,000	
	To Share Capital A/c			3,00,000
	To Securities Premium Reserve A/c			1,00,000
	(Being allotment money Reserve due)			
.	Bank A/c Dr.		3,20,000	
(iv)	To Share Allotment A/c			3,20,000
	(Being allotment money due)	_	7 00 000	
	Share First & Final Call A/c Dr.		7,00,000	< 00 000
(v)	To Share Capital A/c			6,00,000
	To Securities Premium Reserve A/c			1,00,000
	(Being Call money due)	_	6 90 000	
(11)	Bank A/c Dr.		6,80,000 20,000	
(vi)	Call in advance A/c Dr.		20,000	7,00,000
	To Share First & Final Call A/c			7,00,000
	(Being call money received)			

(i), (iii), (iv) & (vi) = 1x4 = 4 marks 4+4 = 8 marks (ii) & (v) = 2x2 = 4 marks

Working Notes:

- (i) Total amount received on application = 10x23,000 = 2,30,0000
- (ii) Pro rata category applied 12,000 : Allotted 2,000 (i.e. 6:1) Money received on application 12,000 x `10 = `1,20,000 Money required on application 2,000 x `10 = `20,000 Excess money received on application =`1,00,000 Money required on allotment 2,000 x `40 =`80,000

So entire amount due on allotment is already received. Excess `20,000 is transferred to calls in advance. This amount will be credited to Calls in Advance A/c. In that case, Calls in Advance

A/c will be debited in entry No. 6 along with Bank A/c and Share First and Final Call A/c will be credited with full amount of `7,00,000.

	Journal of Sa	ngita I	Ltd.	
Date	Particulars	LF.	Dr. Amount	Cr. Amount
(i)	Bank A/c Dr. To Share Application A/c		1,84,000	1,84,000
(ii)	(Being application money received on 92,000 shares @`2 per share)Share Application A/c.Dr To Share Capital A/c		1,84,000	1,20,000 4,000
	To Bank A/c To Share Allotment A/c (Being the application money adjusted towards share capital, share allotment and surplus refunded)			60,000
(iii)	Share Allotment A/c Dr. To Share Capital A/c (Being allotment money due on 60,000		1,80,000	1,80,000
(iv)	shares @`3 per Share)Bank A/cDr.To Share Allotment A/c(Being allotment money received)		1,08,000	1,08,000
(v)	Share First & Final Call A/c Dr. To Share Capital A/c (Being first and final call money due on 60,000 Shares @`5 per Share)		3,00,000	3,00,000
(vi)	Bank A/c Dr. To Share First and Final Call A/c (Being first and final call money		2,50,000	2,50,000
(vii)	received)Share Capital A/cDr.To Share Allotment A/cTo Share first and final call A/cTo Share forfeited A/c(Being 4,000 shares forfeited due tonon-payment of allotment and first andfinal call)		40,000	12,000 20,000 8,000

OR Journal of Sangita Ltd.

(i), (ii), (iv), (v) & (vi) -1 mark each (5)

(iii) and (vii) $1\frac{1}{2}$ mark each (3)

(5+3 = 8 marks)

18.

Dr.	Revaluation A/	Revaluation A/c		
Particulars	`	Particulars	`	
To Stock A/c	2,000	By Furniture A/c	6,000	
To Profit transferred to Partners'				
Capital A/c				
L 2,500	4,000			
M 1,500	<u>6,000</u>	1	<u>6,000</u>	
			(11/-)	

 $(1\frac{1}{2})$

Partners' Capital A/c

Dr							Cr.
Particulars	L	М	Ν	Particulars	L	М	Ν
	`	`	`		``	`	`
To L's Capital			4,000	By Balance b/d	30,000	20,000	_
A/c				By Reserve Fund	2,500	1,500	-
To M's Capital			4,000	By Revaluation	2,500	1,500	-
A/c				A/c	-	-	
To Balance c/d	39,000	27,000	17,000	By Cash A/c	4,000	4,000	
				By N's Capital			
				A/C			25,000
	39,000	27,000	25,000		39,000	27,000	25,000
				•			(414)

(41/2)

Balance Sheet as at 1st April, 2013

Bulunce Sheet us ut 1 April, 2010					
Liabilities		`	Liabilities	`	
Capital			Machinery	26,000	
L	39,000		Furniture	24,000	
Μ	27,000		Stock	8,000	
Ν	17,000	83,000	Debtors	8,000	
Bank Loa n		12,000	Cash	31,000	
Creditors		2,000			
		97,000		97,000	
				(2)	

*<u>Working Notes</u> N's Capital A/c To L's Capital A/c To M's Capital A/c

Dr. 8,000

4,000 4,000

 $(1 \frac{1}{2}+4 \frac{1}{2}+2=8 \text{ marks})$

		OR		
Dr.	Realisatio	on Account		Cr.
Particulars	`	Particulars	`	
To Goodwill A/c	10,000	By Investment Fluctuation	n Fund A/c	5,000
To Buildings A/c	25,000	By Provision for doubtful	debts A/c	2,000
To Investments A/c	25,000	By Creditors A/c		8,000
To Stock A/c	15,000	By Bank overdraft A/c		6,000
To Debtors A/c	17,000	By X's Brother's loan A/c	;	8,000
To X's Capital A/c		By Bank A/c		
(X's brother's Loan)	8,000	Assets realized		
To Bank: A/c		Debtors	12,000	
Creditors 6,000		Investments	20,000	
Bank overdraft <u>6,000</u>	12,000	Goodwill	6,000	
		Buildings	29,000	
To Bank A/c	2,000	Stock	5,000	72,000
(Realisation exp.)				
		By Y's Capital (Stock)		4,000
		By Loss transferred to:		
		X's capital A/c	7200	
		Y's capital A/c	1800	
				9000
	1,14,000			1,14,000
				(4)

Dr.	Partners' Capital A/c			Cr.	
Particulars	X(`)	Y (`)	Particulars		Y (`)
				X(`)	
To Profit & Loss A/c	8,000	2,000	By Balance b/d	50,00	40,000
To Realisation A/c	-	4,000	By Realisation A/c	0	-
To Realisation A/c	7,200	1,800		8,000	
(Loss)					
To Bank A/c	42,800	32,200			
	58,000	40,000			40,000
				58,00	
				0	

(2)

Dr.	Cr.		
Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount
	(`)		()
To Balance b/d		By Y's loan A/c	3,000
To Realisation A/c	72,000	By Realisation A/c (Liabilities paid off)	12,000

By Realisation A/c (For expenses)	2,000
By X's Capital A/c	42,800
By Y's Capital A/c	32,200
92,000	92,000

(4+2+2=8 marks)

PART-B Financial Statement Analysis

19. The two choices to maintain Debt equity at 1:1 from 3:1 are: (Any Two) (1 mark) (i) To increase equity Or (ii) To reduce Debt (iii)Both i.e. increase equity and reduce Debt. 20. No flow (1 mark)21. Operating Activity (1 mark) Balance Sheet of..... as at 31st March..... 22. **Particulars** Note No. 11. Assets (2) Current Assets (a) Current Investments (b) Inventories (c) Trade Receivables (d) Cash and Cash Equivalents (e) Short Term loans and Advances (f) Other Current Assets

(¹/₂ x 6=3 Marks)

23.

Comparative Statement of Profit and Loss For the year ended 31st March 2013

Particulars	Absolute Fig	gures		
	2011-12 ()	2012-13 (`)	Absolute Change ()	Percentage Change (%)
I. Revenue from operations II. Add: other Incomes	20,00,000 4,00,000	30,00,000 3,60,000	10,00,000 (40,000)	50% 10%
III. Total Revenue (I+II) Less Expenses	24,00,000 12,00,000	33,60,000 21,00,000	9,60,000 9,00,000	40% 75%
Profit before Tax	12,00,000	12,60,000	60,000	5%
IV. Less Tax (50%)	6,00,000	6,30,000	30,000	5%
PROFIT AFTER TAX	6,00,000	6,30,000	30,000	5%

(One mark for each correct row-1x4=4 Marks

24. Current Ratio = $\frac{Current Assets}{Current Liabilities}$

$$Or \frac{2.5}{1} = \frac{Current Assets}{Current Liabilities}$$

Or 2.5 Current Liabilities = Current Assets

Liquid Ratio =
$$\frac{Liquid Assets}{Current Liabilities}$$

Or $\frac{1.2}{1} = \frac{Liquid Assets}{Current Liabilities}$
Or Current Liabilities = $\frac{Liquid Assets}{1.2}$
Or $\frac{Current Assets - Stock}{1.2}$
Or C.L = $\frac{2.5 Current Liabilities - 78,000}{1.2}$
Or 1.2 C.L = 2.5 Current Liabilities - 78,000
Or 78,000 = 1.3 C.L
Or $\frac{78,000x10}{13}$ = Current Liabilities
Or `60,000 = Current Liabilities
Or Current Assets = 2.5 X `60,000
= `1,50,000

 $(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + 1 + 1 = 4$ Marks)

25.

for the year ending 31 st March 2013			
Particulars	Details (`)	Amount	
		()	
A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING			
ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax	90,000		
Add: Depreciation on machinery	2,00,000		
Loss on sale of machinery	<u>15,000</u>		
Operating Profit before working capital changes		3,05,000	
Add: Decrease in Trade Receivables	8,000		
Less: Increase in inventory	(10,000)	(2000)	
Net Cash generated from operating activities		3,03,000	
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING			
ACTIVITIES			
Machinery purchased	(5,80,000)		
Machinery sold	<u>65,000</u>		
Net Cash used in investing activities			
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING		(5,15,000)	
ACTIVITIES			
Issue of Shares	1,00,000		
Long term borrowings	<u>1,05,000</u>		

Cash Flow Statement for the year ending 31st March 2013

Net Cash generated from financing activities	2,05,000
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH	(7,000)
EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)	
Add opening balance of cash and cash	<u>35,000</u>
equivalents	
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	<u>28,000</u>
	(3 marks)

Dr.	Plant and Ma	Cr.	
	`		`
To balance b/d	8,00,000	By Cash A/c	65,000
To Cash A/c	5,80,000	By loss on sale of machinery A/c	15,000
		By depreciation A/c	2,00,000
		By balance c/d	11,00,000
	13,80,000	-	13,80,000
			(3 marks)

PART –C **Computerized Accounting System**

- 19. The five components of Computerised Accounting System are: Hardware, Software, Data, People and Procedure. (1 mark)
- 20. Grouping of accounts refers to the categorization of accounts sharing the Common characteristics in a ledger. For example, the ledger of debtors and ledger of creditors contains all accounts of customers and suppliers respectively. Hence, debtors and creditors are two account groups. (1 mark)
- 21. It is done to remove data redundancy.
- 22. Features of CAS (any two):
 - (1/2 mark for naming +1 mark for explanation)1. Simple and integrated.
 - 2. Transparency and control.
 - Accuracy and speed 3.
 - 4. Scalability.
 - 5. Reliability

23. Every accounting software ensures data security, safety and confidentially through:

Password Security: Password is a mechanism, which enables a user to access a (i) system including data. The system facilitates by defining the user rights according to the organizational policy. As a result, a person in an organization is authorized to access a particular set of a data while he/she may be denied access to another set of data.

(1 mark)

 $(1 \frac{1}{2} x^2 = 3 marks)$

- (ii) Data Audit: This feature enables the user to know as to who and what changes have been made in the original data thereby helping and fixing the responsibility of the person who has manipulated the data and also ensures data integrity. Basically, this features is similar to Audit Trail.
- (iii) Data Vault: This software provides additional security through data encryption. Encryption essentially scrambles the information so as to make its interpretation extremely difficult (almost impossible). Thus, Encryption ensures security of data even if it lands in wrong hands, because the receiver of data will not be able to decode and interpret it.

 $(1 \frac{1}{2} + 1 \frac{1}{2} + 1 = 4 \text{ marks})$

24. It is a set of programs that control and manage creation, utilization and maintenance of database of a business organization.

Advantages (Any Two)

- 1. Reduce Data redundancy
- 2. Information protection
- 3. Data dictionary management
- 4. Greater consistency
- 5. Reduced cost
- 6. Backup and recovery facility.

(1=1 ¹/₂ +1 ¹/₂ =4 marks)

25. (i) Sum (C2-B2)

When actual sale is projected in C2 and expected in B2

- (i) = If (D2=0,5000, IF (D2>0,5000=D2X50,1000)
- (ii) Answer for the third point is included in this point. (2+4=6 marks)

SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER ACCOUNTANCY (055) CLASS-XII (2013-14)

Max.Marks 80

Time: 3 hrs.

S.No. of question	Unit/Ch. Number	Marks allotted	Estimated time (Minutes	Estimated Difficulty level
1	1	1	2 minutes	A
2	2	1	2 minutes	A
3	2	1	2 minutes	A
4	2	1	2 minutes	A
5	3	1	2 minutes	A
6	3	1	2 minutes	A
7	4	1	2 minutes	A
8	1	3	6 minutes	В
9	4	3	6 minutes	B
10	4	3	6 minutes	С
11	2	4	8 minutes	С
12	2	4	8 minutes	В
13	3	4	8 minutes	В
14	3	4	8 minutes	В
15	1	6	12 minutes	В
16	2	6	12 minutes	В
17	3	8	16 minutes	В
18	2	8	16 minutes	A
19	5/5	1	2 minutes	В
20	6/7	1	2 minutes	A
21	6/8	1	1 minutes	В
22	5/5	3	6 minutes	C
23	5/7	4	8 minutes	В
24	5/8	4	8 minutes	В
25	6/6	6	8 minutes	C